ADDITION Step 1 Adding Fractions with Models

Purpose: To find total shaded amounts using bars and number lines and write addition equations

TEACHER MODELING/STUDENT COMMUNICATION

Activity 1 Finding the total shaded amount of two bars





Show the students that they can also find the number of steps by placing the shaded amounts of two bars end to end. This shows the total amount is 1 whole bar and one part of a red bar or 1 whole bar and 2 steps. Place a marker on the mat for this total, as shown above, and note the convenience of being able to move one whole bar at a time.



Turn the bars face down and select any two. Determine the total number of steps for your bars. (Ask students for some examples and illustrations.)

2. Repeat this activity and encourage students to focus attention on whether the sum is less than, equal to, or greater than one whole bar.

3. Optional: Students play Small Step Addition Race.

- > Turn all bars face down and place markers at the Start.
- Take turns selecting two bars at a time. You should determine the total number of steps for both bars before moving your marker. Put used bars in the Discard Pile.
 The first thread thread
- > The first player to reach or go beyond Finish is the winner.

Discuss game strategies. Some students will select the green bars or yellow bars to increase the chances of obtaining whole bars.

Small Step Race mat and markers

Materials: Fraction Bars, Small Step Race mats and markers, students' "Fraction Number Lines" (from Basic Concepts - Step 4)

Fraction	1. Show students these two bars with their shaded amounts end to end.	
Bars paper and pencils	 How far can you move on the race mat for these two bars? (1 whole bar and 3 steps) Write this addition equation. 	$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{7}{12} = 1\frac{3}{12} \text{ (or } \frac{15}{12}\text{)}$
	2. Ask students to turn the bars face down and select any two bars.	
	 Determine the total shaded amount of your two bars and write an addition equation for the fractions. If needed, use the race mat to determine the total. Display a few of their equations and repeat this activity. Point out that in adding fractions, just like in adding whole numbers, addition means putting two amounts together. This is an important concept in adding fractions. 	
students'	Activity 3 Writing addition equations using number lines	
No. Lines	1. Pass out a deck of bars and a sack of markers to each group and the students' Fraction Number Lines (from Basic Concepts Step 4).	
bars and		
markers	 Select two bars and place them side by side determine the total shaded amount. Write an user fractions. (Equation for bars shown be 	below your number line to addition equation for the sum of 2/4 + 2/2 = 1.5(12) Ubystrate of
ITansp #+	few student examples. Collect students' Number Lines for the next lesson	

Activity 2 Writing addition equations using bars



2. Optional: Students play **Small Step Addition Race** (page 101) or **Concentration** (page 100). In the first game, students select two bars and the total shaded amount determines the number of steps on the race track. In the second game, the objective is find bars whose total shaded amount is one whole bar.

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE and ASSESSMENT

Worksheets 43-44 from the Teacher Resource Package



fractionbars.com Set 2 Fraction Bars Racing - Two-Bar (moving race cars for the total shaded amount of bars) or Set 2 Concentration - Whole Bars (trying for whole bars)